THE MEANS OF GRACE

THE NATURE OF BAPTISM

Circle the Y (yes) before true statements and the N (no) before false statements.

1. Holy Baptism was ordained by John the Baptist.

Y N

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Y	N	2. A Baptism is valid only if it is performed by a pastor.
Y	N	3. "Make disciples" means to make believers, followers.
Y	N	4. Baptism's power to forgive sins lies in the water.
Y	N	5. "All nations" means all people—babies, small children, and adults.
Y	N	6. Baptism by immersing is valid in God's sight.
Y	N	7. The power of the Holy Trinity is present in Baptism.
Y	N	8. In general, other liquids may be used instead of water for baptizing.
Y	N	9. Only adults can believe.
Y	N	10. A Baptism is valid without the child's actual sponsors being present.
		List three reasons why children should be baptized.
1		
_		
2		
_		
3		

THE MEANS OF GRACE

THE BLESSINGS OF BAPTISM

If the two or three sentences lead to a correct conclusion, write Correct on the blank line.

If they lead to an incorrect conclusion, write Incorrect.

1.	A little baby has original sin. Sin separates from God. Baptism works forgiveness of sins.
	Therefore, a little baby needs Baptism to come to God.
2.	The devil is always eager to make people sin. Sinful humans cannot by their own strength fight the devil. Baptism gives deliverance from the devil. Therefore, baptized people need no longer worry about being tempted by the devil.
3.	Spiritual death may end in eternal damnation. Baptism delivers from spiritual death. Therefore, once baptized, a person can no longer be damned.
4.	Whoever believes and is baptized will be saved. Whoever does not believe will be condemned. Therefore, it is really unbelief that condemns.
5.	Unbelief condemns. Faith saves. A person who has faith in Jesus can be saved without Baptism (e.g., the thief on the cross). Therefore, Baptism isn't very important for our salvation.